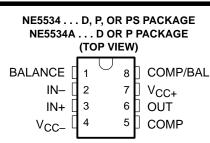
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- Equivalent Input Noise Voltage . . .
   3.5 nV/√Hz
- Unity-Gain Bandwidth . . . 10 MHz Typ
- Common-Mode Rejection Ratio . . .
   100 dB Typ
- High DC Voltage Gain . . . 100 V/mV Typ
- Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing
   32 V Typ With V<sub>CC+</sub> = ±18 V and R<sub>L</sub> = 600 Ω
- High Slew Rate . . . 13 V/μs Typ
- Wide Supply Voltage Range ±3 V to ±20 V
- Low Harmonic Distortion
- Designed To Be Interchangeable With Signetics NE5534 and NE5534A



## description/ordering information

The NE5534 and NE5534A are high-performance operational amplifiers combining excellent dc and ac characteristics. Some of the features include very low noise, high output drive capability, high unity-gain and maximum-output-swing bandwidths, low distortion, and high slew rate.

These operational amplifiers are internally compensated for a gain equal to or greater than three. Optimization of the frequency response for various applications can be obtained by use of an external compensation capacitor between COMP and COMP/BAL. The devices feature input-protection diodes, output short-circuit protection, and offset-voltage nulling capability.

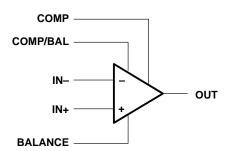
For the NE5534A, a maximum limit is specified for equivalent input noise voltage.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	PACKAGE <sup>†</sup>		PACKAGE <sup>†</sup>		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING	
0°C to 70°C	4 mV	PDIP (P)	Tube of 50	NE5534P	NE5534P			
			Tube of 50	NE5534AP	NE5534AP			
		SOIC (D)	Tube of 75	NE5534D	NE5534			
			Reel of 2500	NE5534DR	NE3334			
			Tube of 75	NE5534AD	5534A			
			Reel of 2500	NE5534ADR	5554A			
		SOP (PS)	Reel of 2000	NE5534PS	N5534			

<sup>†</sup> Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

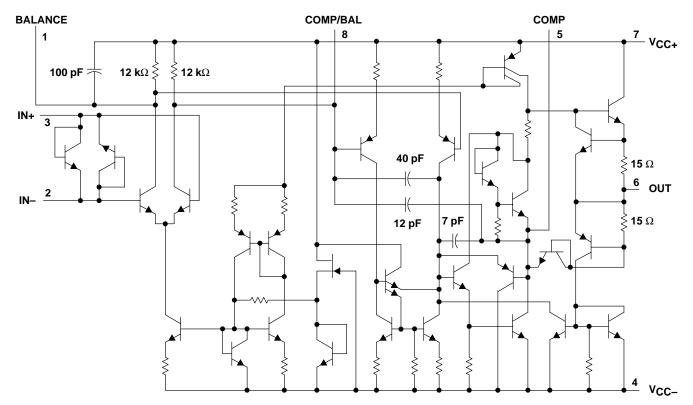
## symbol



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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## schematic



All component values shown are nominal.



## NE5534, NE5534A LOW-NOISE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage: V <sub>CC+</sub> (see Note 1)	22 V
V <sub>CC</sub> _ (see Note 1)	22 V
Input voltage either input (see Notes 1 and 2)	V <sub>CC+</sub>
Input current (see Note 3)	±10 mA
Duration of output short circuit (see Note 4)	Unlimited
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Notes 5 and 6): D package	97°C/W
P package	85°C/W
PS package	95°C/W
Operating virtual junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub>	150°C
Lead temperature range 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>sta</sub>	65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V<sub>CC+</sub> and V<sub>CC-</sub>.

- 2. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage.
- 3. Excessive current will flow if a differential input voltage in excess of approximately 0.6 V is applied between the inputs unless some limiting resistance is used.
- 4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either power supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.
- 5. Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.
- 6. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

#### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC+</sub>	Supply voltage	5	15	V
V <sub>CC</sub> -	Supply voltage	-5	-15	V



# NE5534, NE5534A LOW-NOISE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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# electrical characteristics, $V_{CC}^{\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS†		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input offset voltage	$V_O = 0$ , $R_S = 50 \Omega$	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		0.5	4	mV
		T <sub>A</sub> = Full range			5	
Input offset current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		20	300	nA
		T <sub>A</sub> = Full range			400	
Input bigs current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		500	1500	nA
input bias current		T <sub>A</sub> = Full range			2000	IIA
Common-mode input voltage range		_	±12	±13		V
Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage swing	$R_L \ge 600 \Omega$	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	24	26		· v
		$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 18 \text{ V}$	30	32		
Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V},$ $R_L \ge 600 \Omega$	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	25	100		V/mV
		T <sub>A</sub> = Full range	15			
Small-signal differential voltage amplification	f = 10 kHz	C <sub>C</sub> = 0		6		V/mV
		C <sub>C</sub> = 22 pF		2.2		
Maximum-output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O</sub> = ±10 V	C <sub>C</sub> = 0		200		kHz
		$C_C = 22 pF$		95		
	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 18 \text{ V},$ $R_L \ge 600 \Omega,$	$V_O = \pm 14 \text{ V},$ $C_C = 22 \text{ pF}$		70		
Unity-gain bandwidth	$C_C = 22 \text{ pF},$	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		10		MHz
Input resistance			30	100		kΩ
Output impedance	$A_{VD} = 30 \text{ dB},$ $C_{C} = 22 \text{ pF},$	$R_L \ge 600 \Omega$ , f = 10 kHz		0.3		Ω
Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_O = 0,$ $R_S = 50 \Omega$	VIC = VICRmin,	70	100		dB
Supply voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>CC</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO)</sub>	$V_{CC+} = \pm 9 \text{ V to } \pm 15 \text{ V},$ $V_{O} = 0$	$R_S = 50 \Omega$ ,	80	100		dB
Output short-circuit current				38		mA
Supply current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0, No load	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4	8	mA
	Input offset voltage Input offset current Input bias current Common-mode input voltage range Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage swing Large-signal differential voltage amplification Small-signal differential voltage amplification Maximum-output-swing bandwidth Input resistance Output impedance Common-mode rejection ratio Supply voltage rejection ratio (ΔVCC/ΔVIO) Output short-circuit current	Input offset voltage $\begin{aligned} &V_O = 0, \\ &R_S = 50 \ \Omega \end{aligned}$ Input offset current $V_O = 0$ Input bias current $V_O = 0$ Common-mode input voltage range $\begin{aligned} &R_L \ge 600 \ \Omega \end{aligned}$ Hardward differential voltage amplification $\begin{aligned} &V_O = 0 \end{aligned}$ Common-mode input voltage amplification $\begin{aligned} &V_O = \pm 10 \ V, \\ &R_L \ge 600 \ \Omega \end{aligned}$ Small-signal differential voltage amplification $\begin{aligned} &V_O = \pm 10 \ V, \\ &R_L \ge 600 \ \Omega \end{aligned}$ Maximum-output-swing bandwidth $\begin{aligned} &V_O = \pm 10 \ V, \\ &V_C = \pm 18 \ V, \\ &R_L \ge 600 \ \Omega, \end{aligned}$ Unity-gain bandwidth $\begin{aligned} &V_C = \pm 18 \ V, \\ &R_L \ge 600 \ \Omega, \end{aligned}$ Unity-gain bandwidth $\begin{aligned} &C_C = 22 \ pF, \end{aligned}$ Input resistance $\begin{aligned} &AV_D = 30 \ dB, \\ &C_C = 22 \ pF, \end{aligned}$ Common-mode rejection ratio $\begin{aligned} &V_O = 0, \\ &R_S = 50 \ \Omega \end{aligned}$ Supply voltage rejection ratio $\begin{aligned} &V_C = \pm 9 \ V \ to \pm 15 \ V, \\ &V_O = 0 \end{aligned}$ Output short-circuit current	Input offset voltage $ \begin{array}{c} V_O = 0, \\ R_S = 50  \Omega \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} T_A = 25^{\circ}C \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} $ $ V_O = 0 \qquad \qquad \begin{array}{c} T_A = 25^{\circ}C \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} $ $ V_O = 0 \qquad \qquad \begin{array}{c} T_A = 25^{\circ}C \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} $ $ V_O = 0 \qquad \qquad \begin{array}{c} T_A = 25^{\circ}C \\ T_A = Full \ range 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400 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 400 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 400 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 25^\circ C \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 500 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 500 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ range \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 5 \\ T_A = 5000 \\ T_A = Full \ 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<sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage, unless otherwise specified. Full range is  $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$  to  $70^{\circ}C$ .

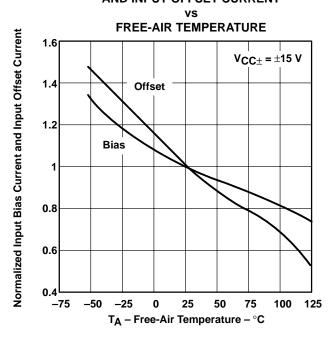


## operating characteristics, $V_{CC}$ $\pm$ = $\pm 15$ V, $T_A$ = $25^{\circ}C$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	NE5534	NE5534A		UNIT
		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	MIN TYP	MAX	UNII
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	C <sub>C</sub> = 0	13	13		V/μs
SK		C <sub>C</sub> = 22 pF	6	6		
	Rise time	$V_I = 50 \text{ mV}, \qquad A_{VD} = 1,$ $R_L = 600 \Omega, \qquad C_C = 22 \text{ pF},$	20	20		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Overshoot factor	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	20	20		%
	Rise time	$A_{I} = 50 \text{ mV}, \qquad A_{VD} = 1,$ $A_{I} = 600 \Omega, \qquad C_{C} = 47 \text{ pF},$	50	50		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Overshoot factor	$R_L = 600 \Omega$ , $C_C = 47 pF$ , $C_L = 500 pF$	35	35		%
	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 30 Hz	7	5.5	7	nV/√ <del>Hz</del>
Vn		f = 1 kHz	4	3.5	4.5	
Γ.	Equivalent input noise current	f = 30 Hz	2.5	1.5		pA/√ <del>Hz</del>
l'n		f = 1 kHz	0.6	0.4		
F	Average noise figure	$R_S = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $f = 10 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$		0.9		dB

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>

# NORMALIZED INPUT BIAS CURRENT AND INPUT OFFSET CURRENT



## Figure 1

### MAXIMUM PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE

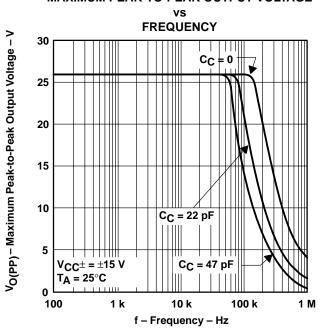
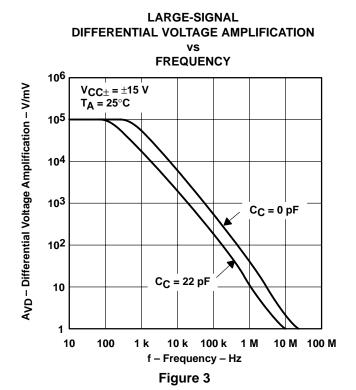


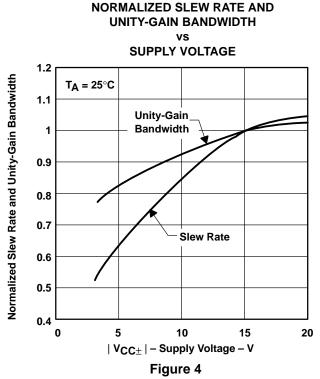
Figure 2

<sup>†</sup> Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

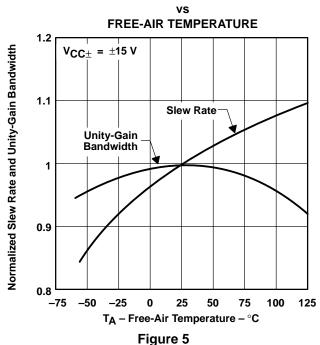


#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>

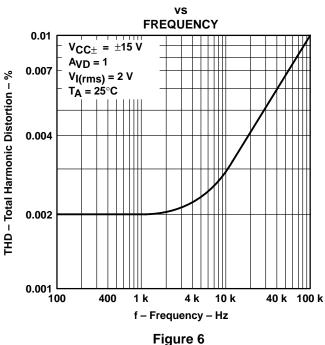




# NORMALIZED SLEW RATE AND UNITY-GAIN BANDWIDTH



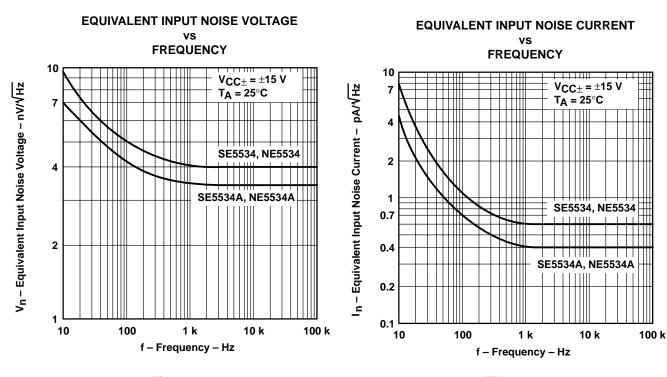
#### **TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION**



† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



## Figure 7 Figure 8

TOTAL EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE

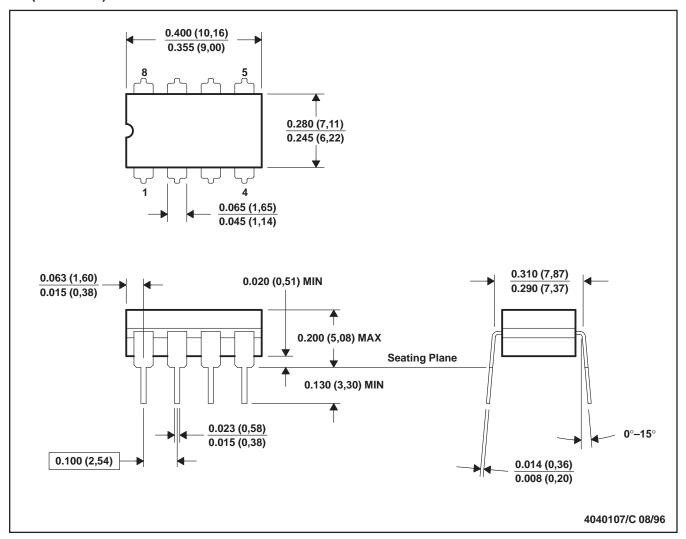
## **SOURCE RESISTANCE** 100 $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ 70 Total Equivalent Input Noise Voltage – $\mu V$ T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C 40 20 10 7 4 f = 10 Hz to 20 kHz 2 1 0.7 0.4

0.2 0.1 100

f = 200 Hz to 4 kHz  $1 \text{ k} \qquad 10 \text{ k} \qquad 100 \text{ k} \qquad 1 \text{ M}$   $R_S - \text{Source Resistance} - \Omega$  Figure 9

## JG (R-GDIP-T8)

## **CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE**

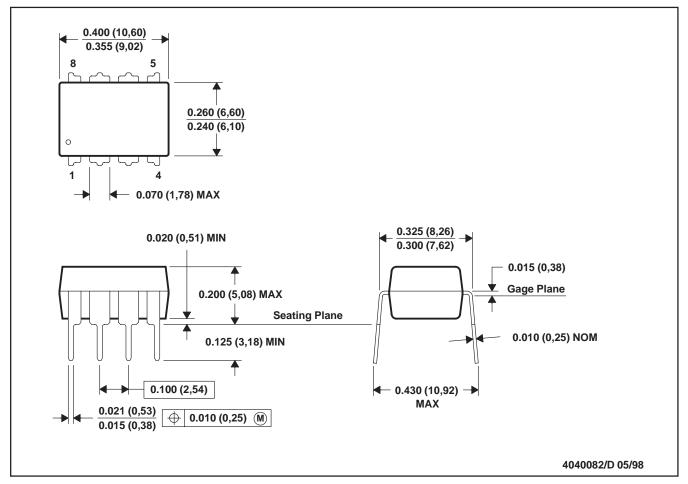


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification.
- E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T8

## P (R-PDIP-T8)

#### PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

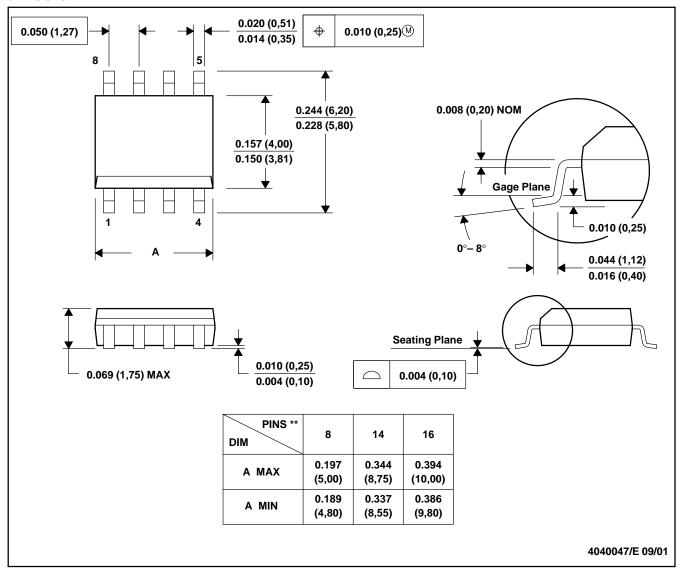
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

For the latest package information, go to http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/package/pkg\_info.htm

## D (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

#### **8 PINS SHOWN**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

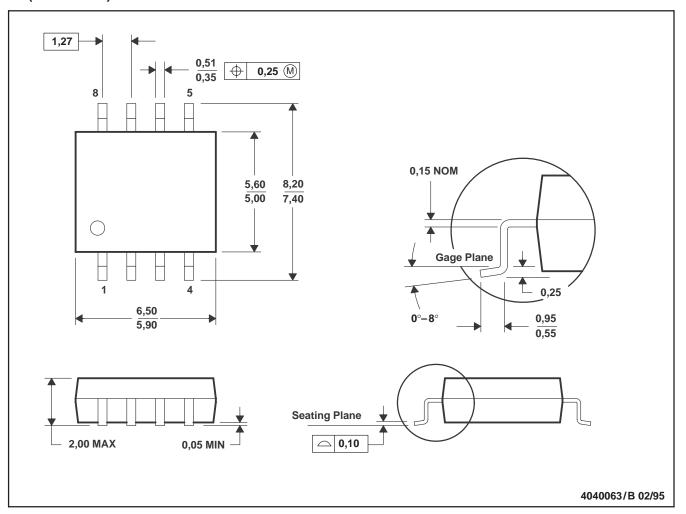
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

## PS (R-PDSO-G8)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.

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